

Artificial intelligence in ophthalmology

MLgroup

MLgroup (Machine Learning Group)

<https://uim.fei.stuba.sk/MLgroup/>

[FEI STU in Bratislava, Slovakia](#)



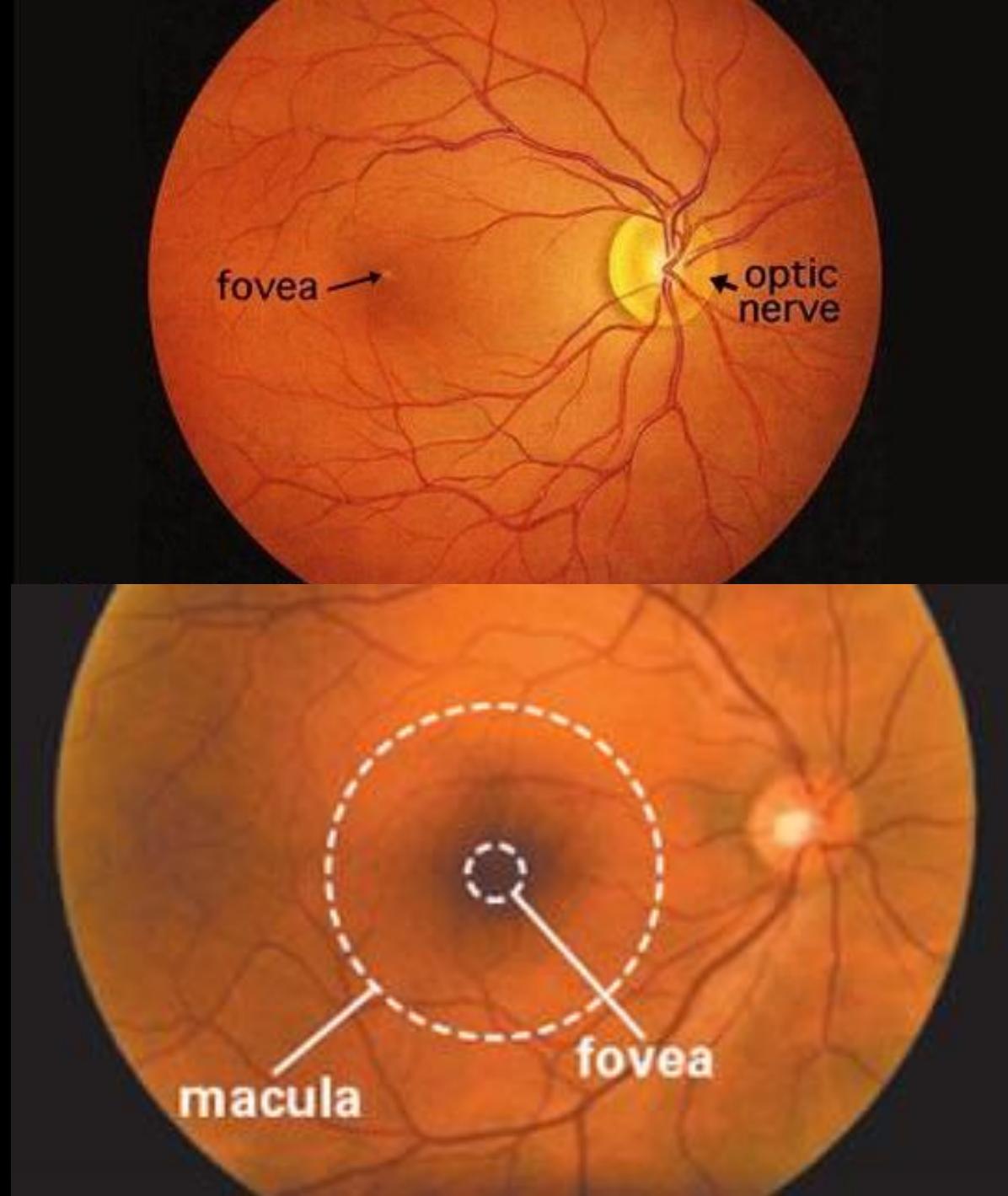
Areas of our interests

- automated diagnosis of fundus images with diabetic retinopathy altogether with anatomical findings detection and segmentation on healthy retinal images (i.e. retinal blood vessels)
- Classification and segmentation of OCT images
- Generating artificial fundus images using AI
- we work with image processing and machine learning methods, including deep neural networks
- we use publicly available retinal datasets: e-Ophtha-EX and e-OPhtha-MA, DiaretDB1, Messidor1, DRIVE, and STARE
- discovering new possibilities with smartphone screening in ophthalmology

Healthy fundus on funduscamera image



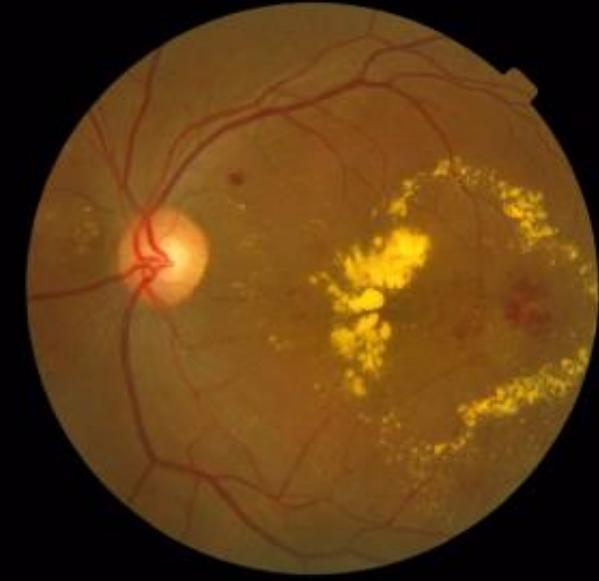
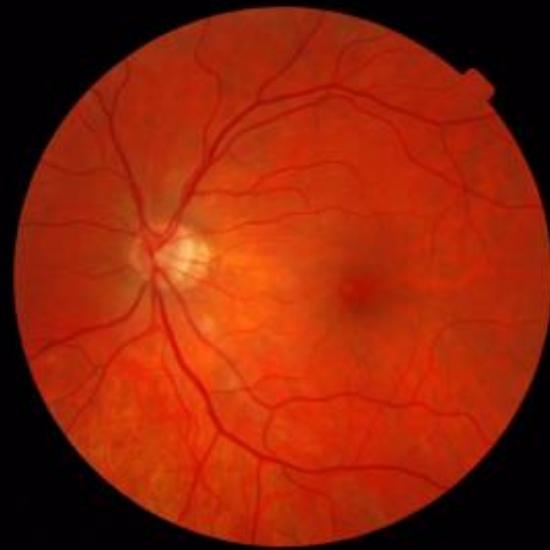
- optic nerve head (optic disc)
- macula
 - fovea - the center
- retinal blood vessels
- retina



Diabetic retinopathy

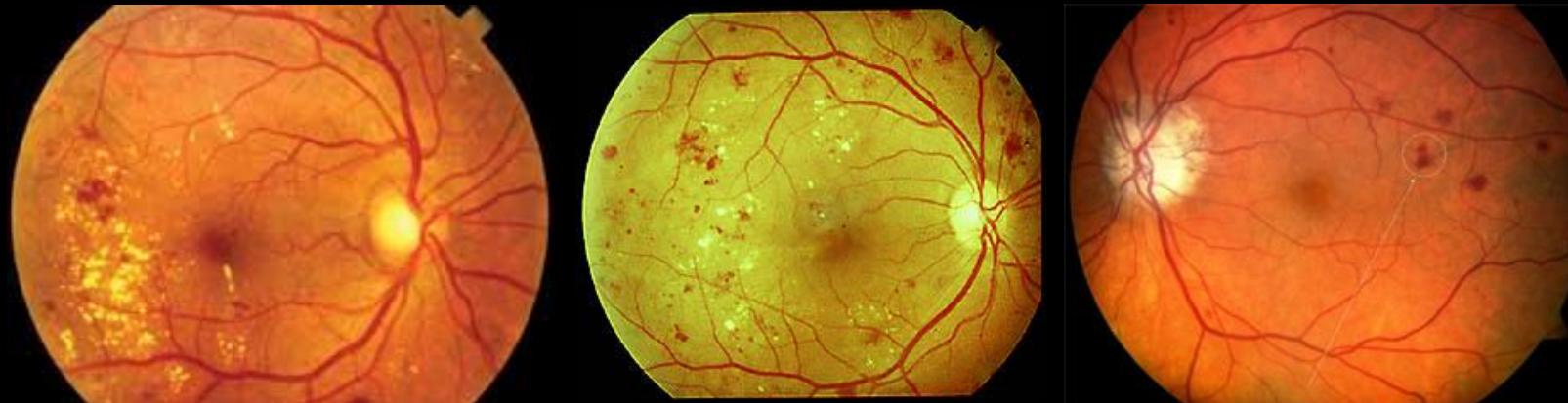
- is an ocular complication of diabetes type 1 and 2
- the most common practical cause of blindness in the working-age population in industrialized countries
- correlates with the duration of diabetes and its control
- it affects the retinal vessels at their micro level
- we divide it into non-proliferative and proliferative
- it is often complicated by edema of the central retina

Diabetic retinopathy



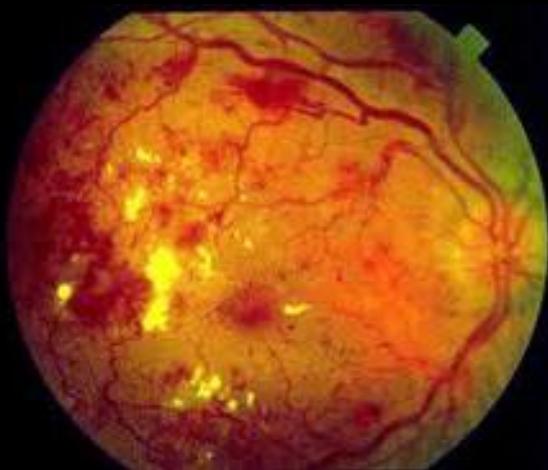
*Images from Messidor database:
on the left, a healthy patient, in the middle and on the right, patients with
diabetic retinopathy*

Diabetic retinopathy



non-proliferative

Diabetic retinopathy



Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy



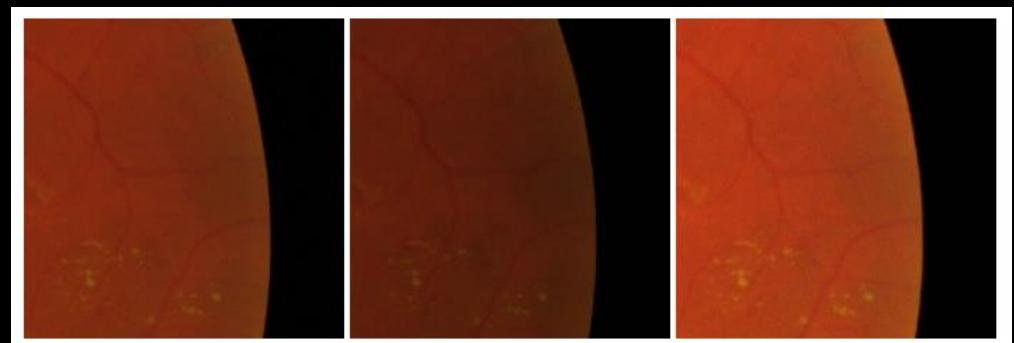
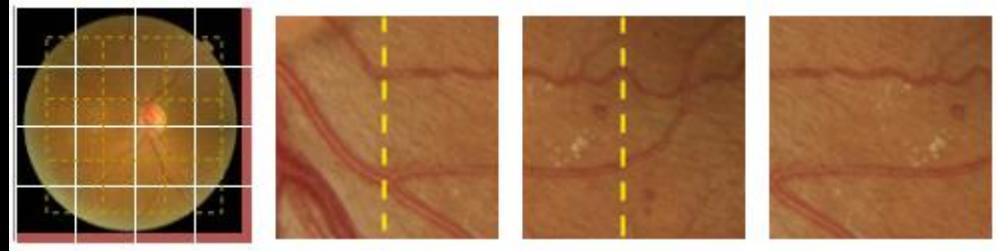
proliferative

Fundus images analysis

- Anatomical findings:
 - "mapping" the image
 - in order to recognize the sick, we must know the healthy
 - finding one structure to navigate to find another
 - removing the structure as part of preprocessing
- Pathological findings:
 - screening and identification of diseases
 - determining the stage of the disease
 - follow-up the course of the disease and treatment outcomes

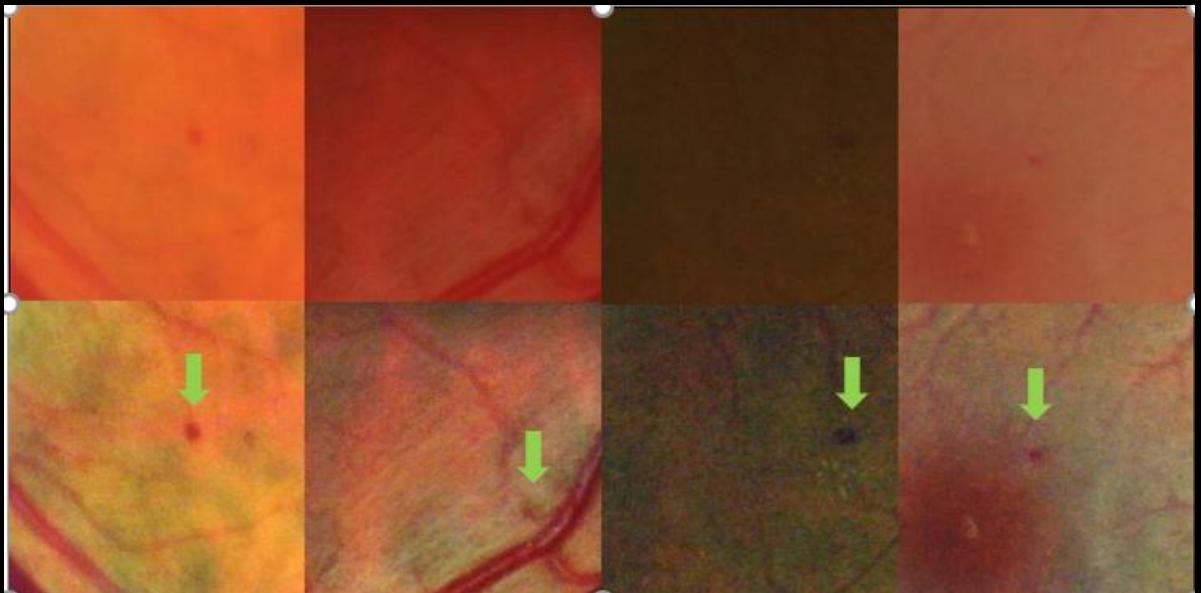
Data preparation and creation of training datasets I.

- whole images or their parts (image patches)
- data augmentation
 - rotation, mirroring, shifts, contrast and brightness modifications



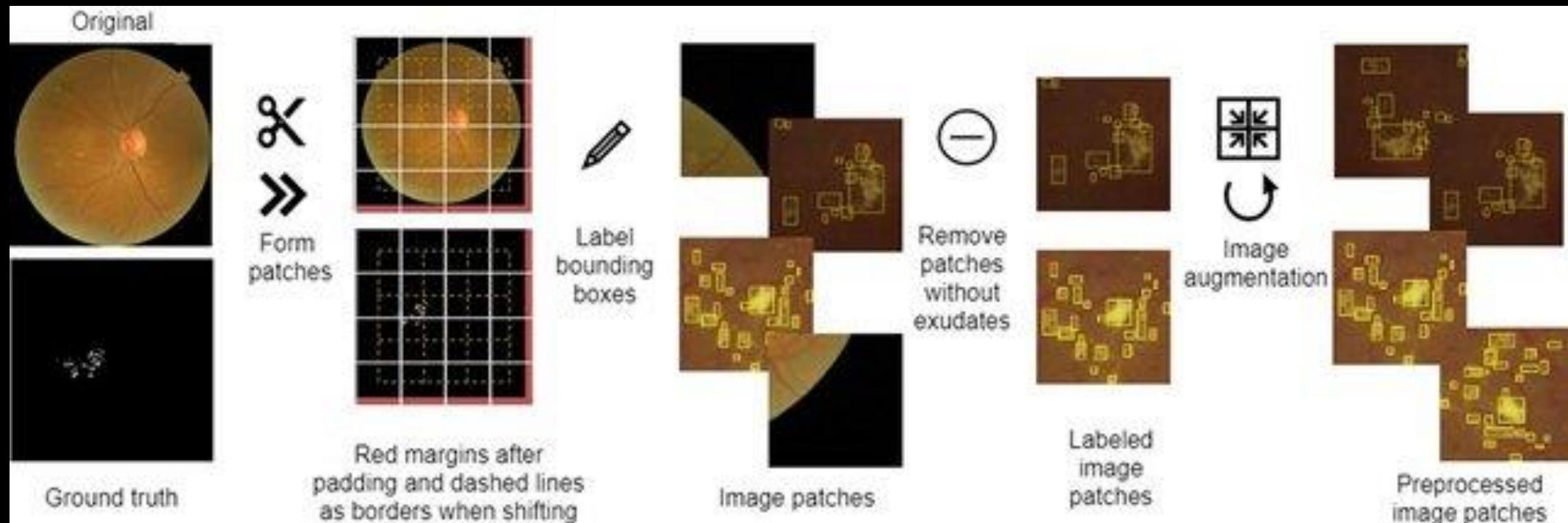
Data preparation and creation of training datasets II.

- image preprocessing, e.g.
CLAHE in microaneurysms
and macula detection



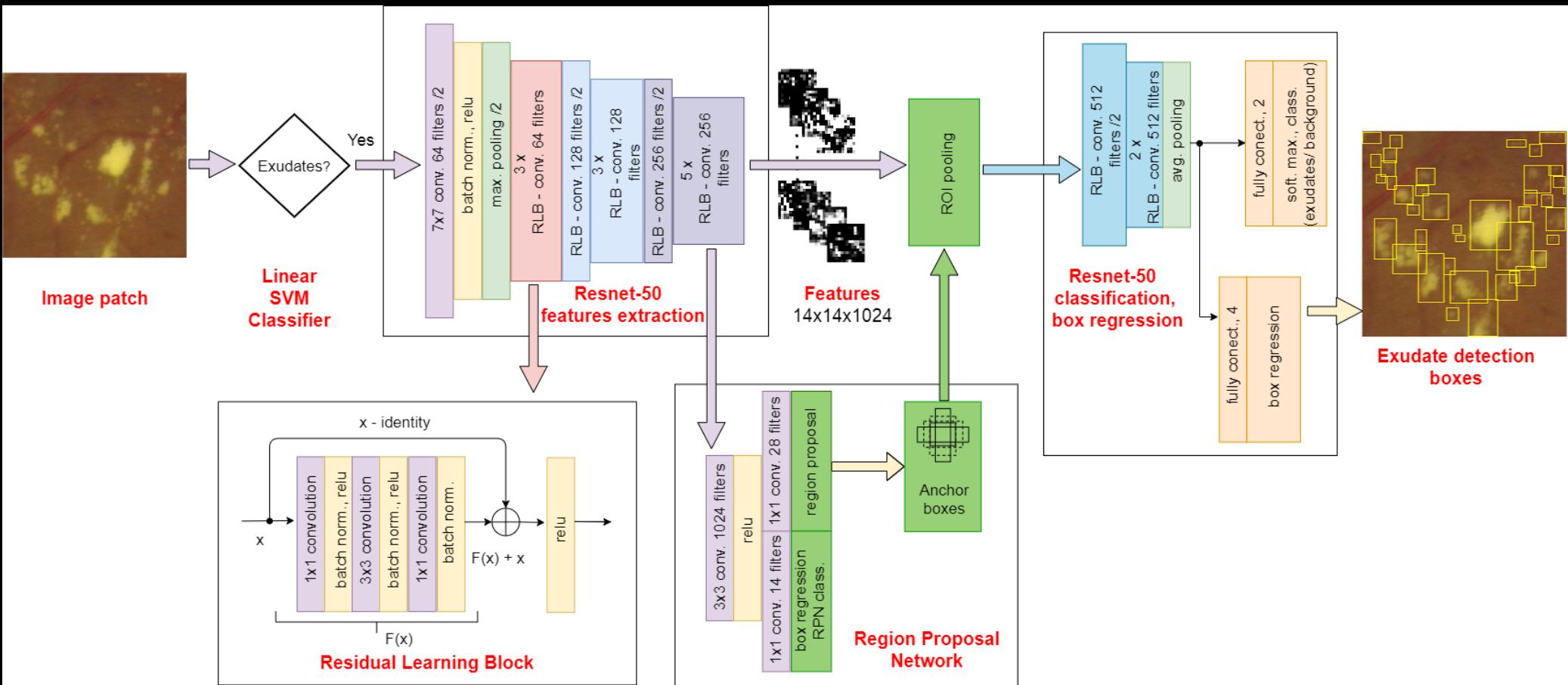
Hard exudates detection using faster R-CNN* object detector

- hard exudates, frequently found in diabetic retinopathy, are in connection with retinal oedema

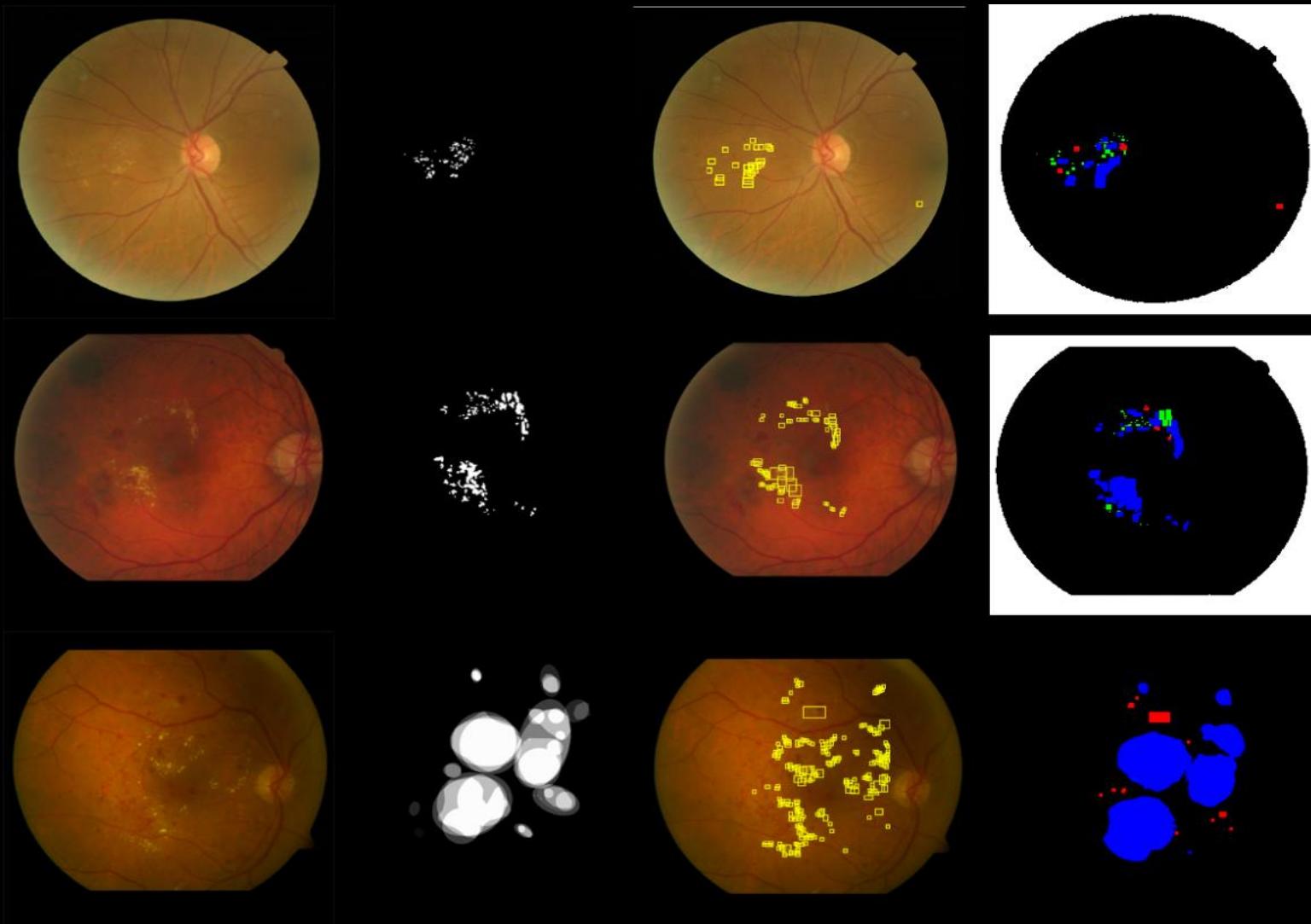


*Recurrent- Convolution Neural Network (R-CNN)

- patches are firstly pre-scanned whether containing hard exudates using SVM classifier, followed by faster R-CNN exudates detection
- faster R-CNN was trained using features from pre-trained ResNet-50 to detect exudates on exudates-containing patches only



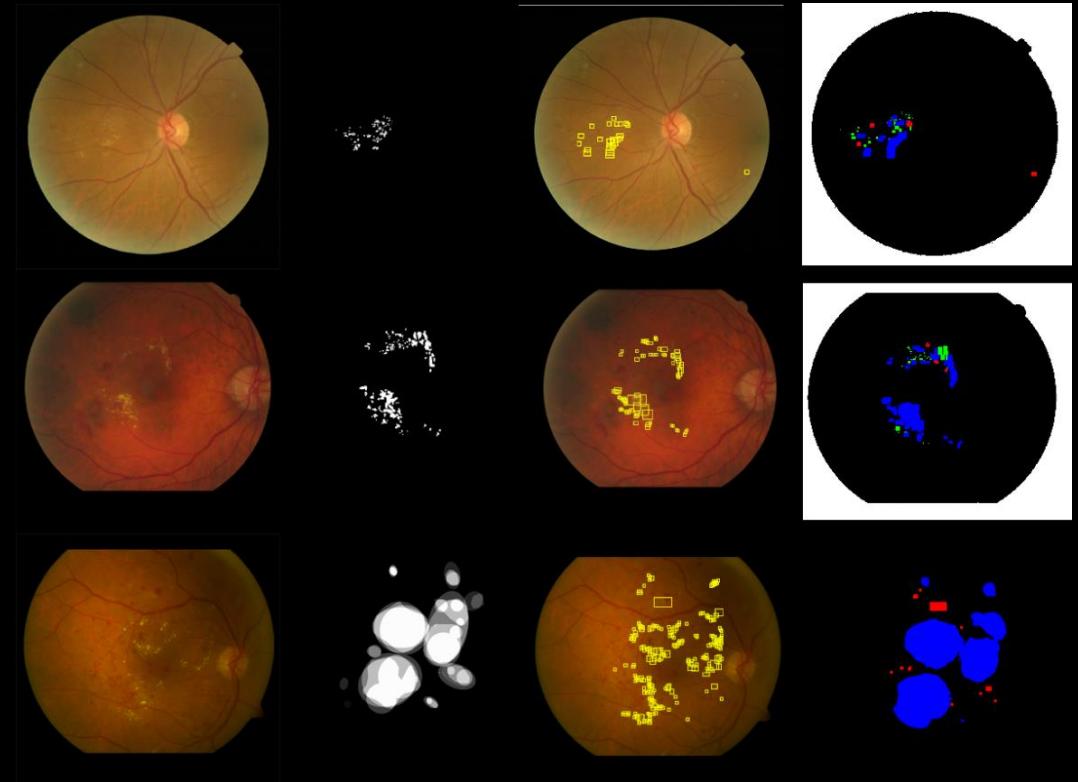
Results of proposed method



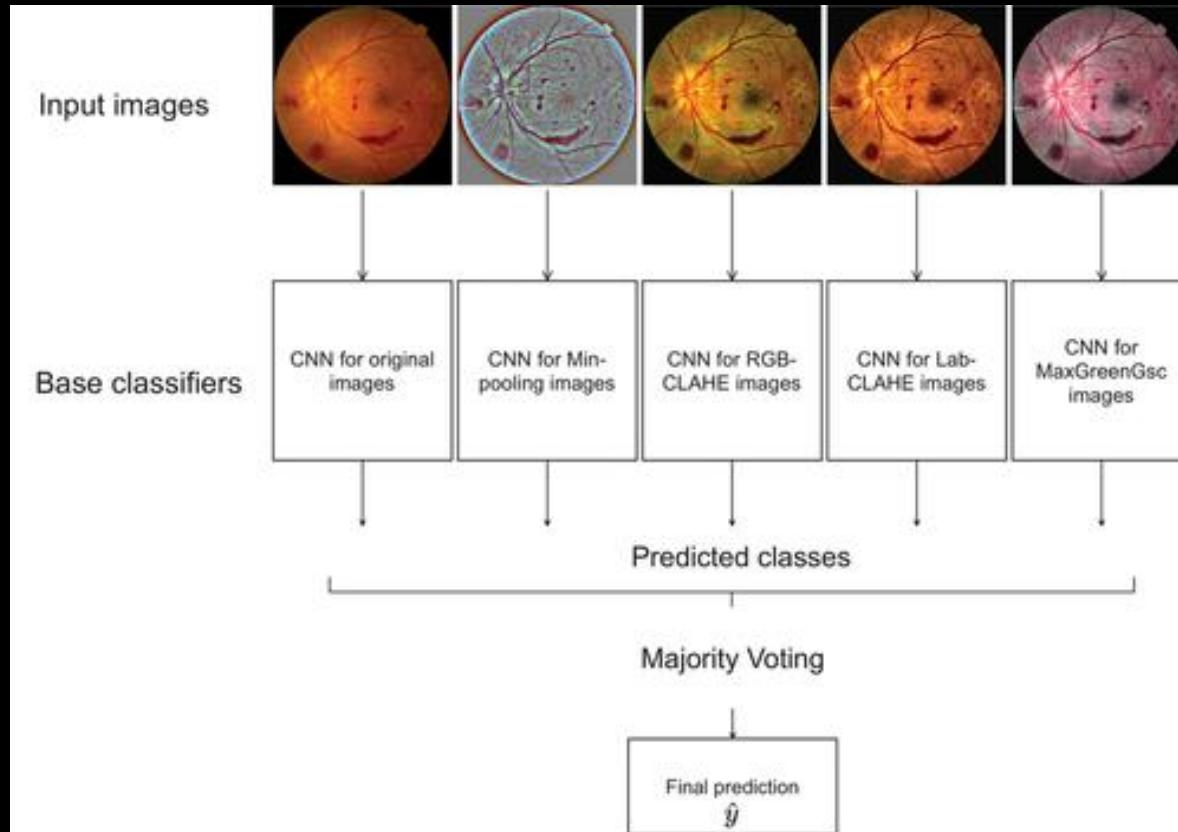
- first two rows are examples from the e-ophtha-EX dataset; last row is from the DiaretDB1 dataset.
- the first, second, third, and fourth columns show the original images, ground-truth data, object detection results, and evaluation map, respectively.
 - BLUE - true positives, GREEN - false negatives, RED - false positives.

- The results were published in **Nature Scientific Reports** journal

KURILOVÁ, V., GOGA, J., ORAVEC, M., PAVLOVIČOVÁ, J., KAJAN, S. *Support vector machine and deep-learning object detection for localisation of hard exudates.* Sci Rep 11, 16045 (2021). <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-021-95519-0>



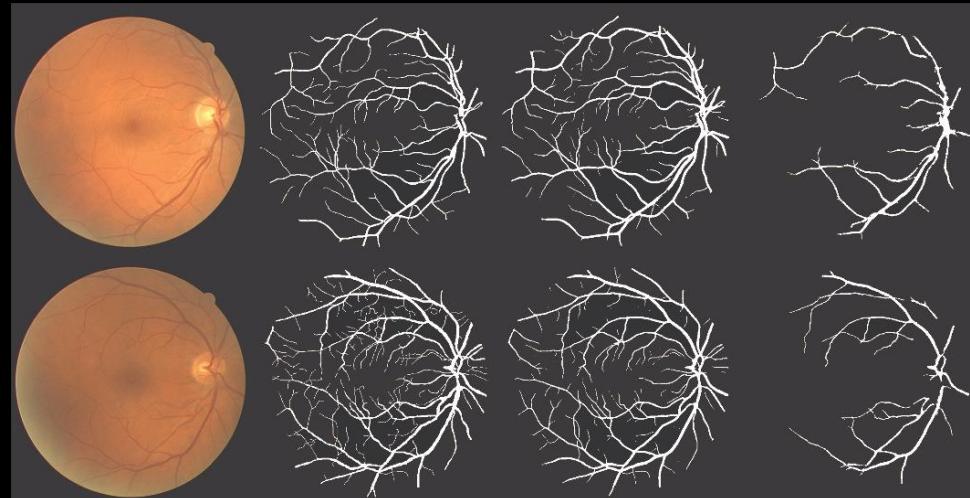
Diagnosing DR using ensemble learning methods



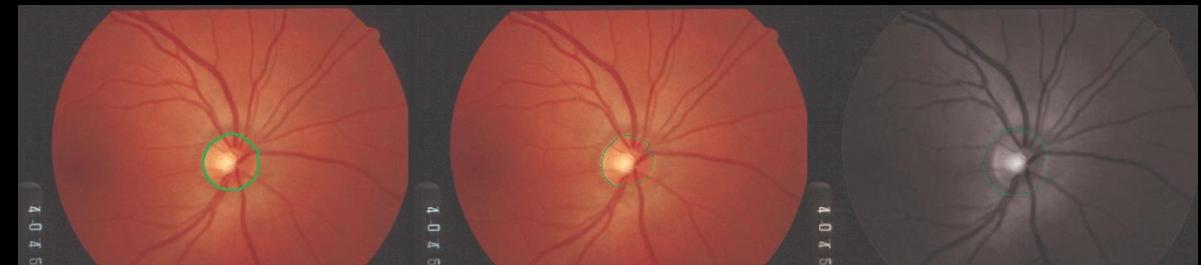
Macsik, P., Pavlovicova, J., Kajan, S., Goga, J., & Kurilova, V. (2024). Image preprocessing-based ensemble deep learning classification of diabetic retinopathy. IET Image Processing, 18(3), 807-828.

Other research, e.g.:

Retinal blood vessels segmentation

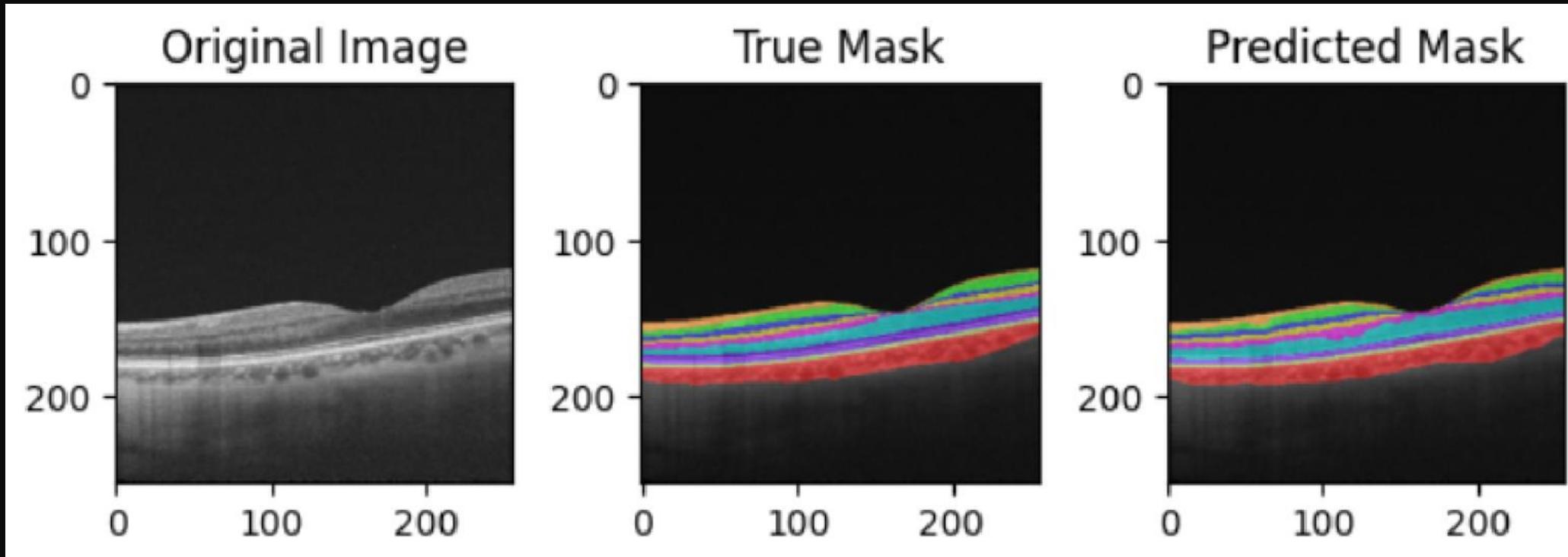


Optic nerve head localization

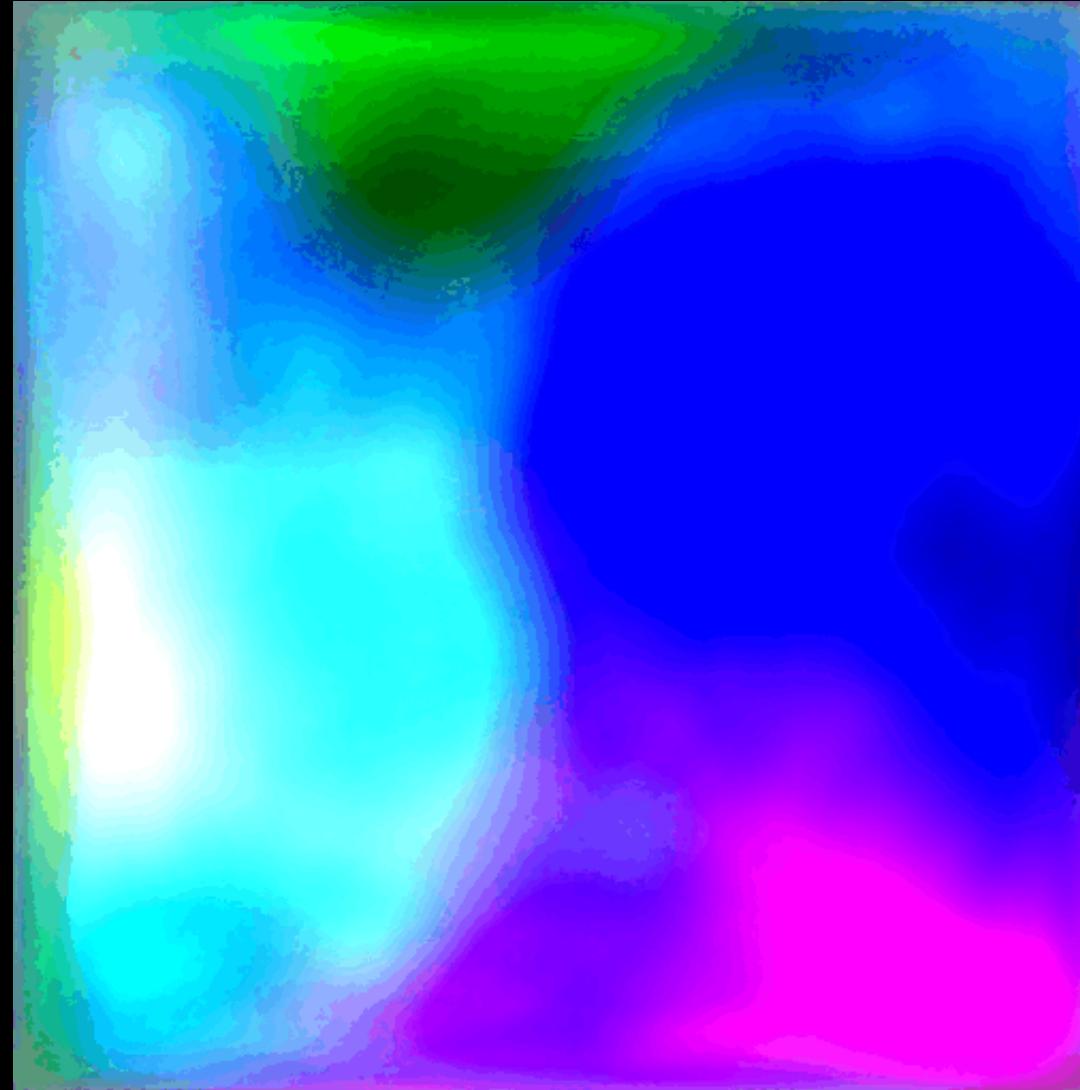


Pirhala M., Goga J., Kurilova V., Pavlovicova J., Kajan S. (2022) Segmentation of Significant Regions in Retinal Images: Perspective of U-Net Network Through a Comparative Approach. In: Rozinaj G., Vargic R. (eds) Systems, Signals and Image Processing. IWSSIP 2021. Communications in Computer and Information Science, vol 1527. Springer, https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-96878-6_3

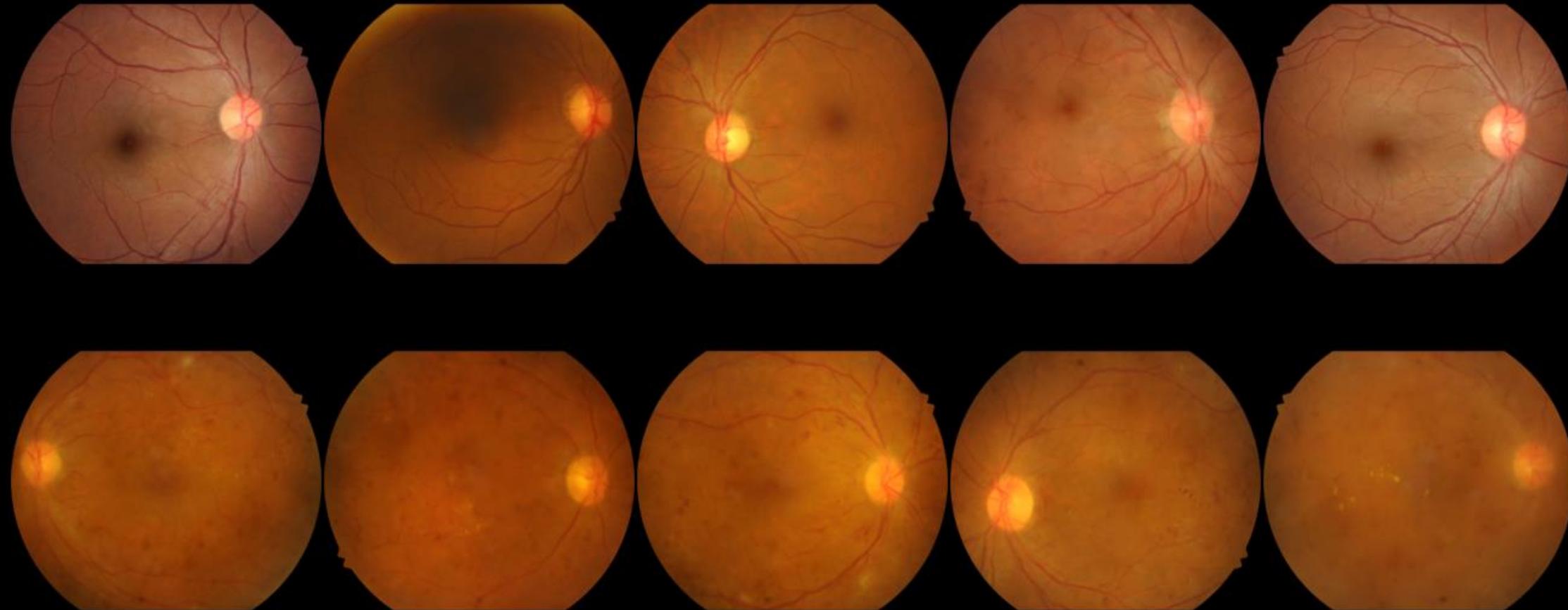
DL Segmentation of retinal layers on OCT macular images



Generating of synthetic retinal images



Generating of synthetic retinal images



Current work- focusing also on smartphones

- portable, cheap, and available
- ideal for screening
- quality of camera is improving
- direct images, videos or images via attachments (fundus)
- creation of new potential datasets





Application, teams and cooperation

- **medical screening, follow-up analysis, education, telemedicine**
- **MLgroup @ FEI STU**
 - Machine Learning group, <https://uim.fei.stuba.sk/MLgroup/>
- **Department of Ophthalmology, University Hospital**
 - retinal images dataset creation
 - personalized medicine

Ophthalmologic research @ MLgroup (Machine Learning Group)
is lead by:

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- Veronika Kurilová, veronika.kurilova@stuba.sk

Publications (from 2021)

- Danko, T., Oravec, M., Kurilová V., Pavlovičová, J. (2024) [Small Object Detection in Fundus Images](#), In Proceedings ELMAR-2024: 66th Int. symposium. Zadar, Croatia. 16-18 September, 2024. Zagreb : University of Zagreb, 2024, pp.105-108
- Mácsik,P., Pavlovičová,J., Goga,J., Kajan,S., Kurilová,V.: Image Preprocessing Based Ensemble Deep Learning Classification of Diabetic Retinopathy. In IET Image Processing. 00, 1-22 (2023). ISSN 1751-9659. <https://doi.org/10.1049/ipr2.12987> (November 15, 2023). <https://doi.org/10.1049/ipr2.12987>. WOS, SCOPUS, IF: 2,3; JCR:Q3, SJR Q2
- Kurilová,V., Bemberáková,D., Kocián,M., Šterbák,D., Knapčok,T., Palkovič,M, Hančák,S., Pavlovičová,J., Oravec,M., Thurzo,A., Kolář,P., Majtánová,N.: Unexpected corneal reflection phenomenon alters smartphone 3D image-based models of the eye. Journal of Electrical Engineering. Vol. 74, No. 6 (2023), pp. 513-520. ISSN 1335-3632 (2022: 0.800 – IF, Q4 – JCR Best Q, 0.218 – SJR, Q3 – SJR Best Q). DOI: 10.2478/jee-2023-0059 ; WOS: 001126592400010 ; SCOPUS: 2-s2.0-85180448090
- Kurilová,V., Rajcsányi,Sz., Rábeková,Z., Pavlovičová,J., Oravec,M., Majtánová,N.: Detecting glaucoma from fundus images using ensemble learning, Journal of Electrical Engineering, Vol. 74, No. 4, pp. 328-335, <https://doi.org/10.2478/jee-2023-0040/> [abstract] [full-paper]
- MÁCSIK, Péter – PAVLOVIČOVÁ, Jarmila – GOGA, Jozef – KAJAN, Slavomír. Local binary CNN for diabetic retinopathy classification on fundus images. In *Acta Polytechnica Hungarica*. Vol. 19, no. 7 (2022), s. 27-45. ISSN 1785-8860 (2021: 1.711 – IF, Q3 – JCR Best Q, 0.380 – SJR, Q2 – SJR Best Q). V databáze: SCOPUS: 2-s2.0-85134760810.
- PIRHALA, M., GOGA, J., KURILOVÁ, V., PAVLOVIČOVÁ, J. (2021) Segmentation of significant areas in retinal images, IWSSIP 2021, Bratislava, Communications in Computer and Information Science, vol 1527. Springer, Cham. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-96878-6_3,
- Thurzo,A., Svobodová Kosnáčová,H., Kurilová,V. et al: [Use of Advanced Artificial Intelligence in Forensic Medicine, Forensic Anthropology and Clinical Anatomy](#), **Healthcare** 2021, 9(11), 1545; <https://doi.org/10.3390/healthcare9111545>
- Kurilová, V., Goga, J., Oravec, M., Pavlovičová, J., Kajan, S. (2021): [Support vector machine and deep-learning object detection for localisation of hard exudates](#), **Nature Scientific Reports** 11, 16045 (2021), Q1, IF 4.379